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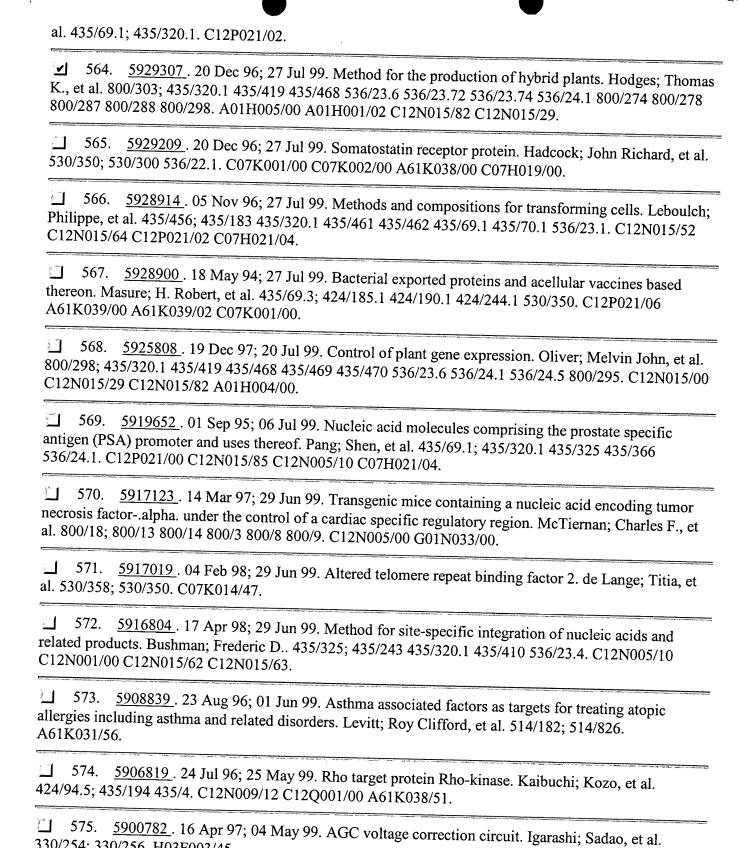
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=> s recombinase? or transposase? or transposition or integrase 59596 RECOMBINASE? OR TRANSPOSASE? OR TRANSPOSITION OR INTEGRASE => s lox and loxp 348 LOX AND LOXP => s lox and loxp511 10 LOX AND LOXP511 => s loxp and loxp511 18 LOXP AND LOXP511 => s frt(5n)(mutant or mutate or mutated or mutants) 40 FRT(5N)(MUTANT OR MUTATE OR MUTATED OR MUTANTS) => s attp and attb L6 648 ATTP AND ATTB => s attr and attb 207 ATTR AND ATTB L7 => s attl and attb L8 213 ATTL AND ATTB ⇒> s attl and attr L9 275 ATTL AND ATTR => s 12 or 13 or 14 or 15 or 16 or 17 or 18 or 19 1138 L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8 OR L9 => s 11 and 110 LII 709 L1 AND L10 => dup rem 11 1 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11 330 DUP REM L11 (379 DUPLICATES REMOVED) => s 112 and py<1998 1 FILES SEARCHED... 3 FILES SEARCHED... 4 FILES SEARCHED.. 130 L12 AND PY<1998 => d 113 ibib abs 1-130 L13 ANSWER I OF 130 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:47271 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199800047271 A new DNA vehicle for nonviral gene delivery: Supercoiled TITLE: AUTHOR(S): Darquet, A.-M.; Cameron, B.; Wils, P.; Scherman, D.; Crouzet, J. (1) CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) UMR 133 CNRS/Rhone-Poulenc Rorer, Cent. Recherche de Vitry-Alfortville, 13 Quai Jules, Guesdes, 94403 Vitry sur Seine France Gene Therapy, (***Dec., 1997***) Vol. 4, No. 12, pp. SOURCE: 1341-1349 ISSN: 0969-7128. DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English AB Plasmids currently used for nonviral gene transfer have the disadvantage of carrying a bacterial origin of replication and an antibiotic resistance gene. There is, therefore, a risk of uncontrolled dissemination of the therapeutic gene and the antibiotic resistance gene. Minicircles are new DNA delivery vehicles which do not have such elements and are consequently safer as they exhibit a high level of biological containment. They are obtained in E. coli by att site-specific recombination mediated by the phage lambda ***integrase***. The desired eukaryotic expression cassette bounded by the lambda ***attlP*** and ***attlB*** sites was

cloned on a recombinant plasmid. The expression cassette was excised in

vivo after thermoinduction of the ***integrase*** gene leading to the

formation of two supercoiled molecules: the minicircle and the starting plasmid lacking the expression cassette. In various cell lines, purified minicircles exhibited a two- to 10-fold higher luciferase reporter gene activity than the unrecombined plasmid. This could be due to either the removal of unnecessary plasmid sequences, which could affect gene expression, or the smaller size of minicircle which may confer better extracellular and intracellular bioavailability and result in improved gene delivery properties.

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:514307 BIOSIS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799813510

The site-specific integration system of the temperate Streptococcus thermophilus bacteriophage vphi-Sfi21 AUTHOR(S): Bruttin, Anne; Foley, Sophie; Brussow, Harald (1) CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Nestle Res. Cent., Nestec Ltd., Vers-chez-les-Blanc,

CH-1000 Lausanne 26 Switzerland

SOURCE: Virology, (1997) Vol. 237, No. 1, pp. 148-158. ISSN: 0042-6822.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English

AB The temperate bacteriophage vphi-Sfi21 integrates its DNA into the chromosome of Streptococcus thermophilus strains via site-specific recombination. Nucleotide sequencing of the attachment sites identified a 40-bp identity region which surprisingly overlaps both the 18-terminal bp of the phage ***integrase*** gene and the 11-terminal bp of a host tRNA-Arg gene. A 2.4-kb phage DNA segment, covering ***attP*** the

phage ***integrase*** , and a likely immunity gene contained all the genetic information for faithful integration of a nonreplicative plasmid into the ***attB*** site. A deletion within the int gene led to the loss of integration proficiency. A number of spontaneous deletions were observed in plasmids containing the 2.4-kb phage DNA segment. The deletion

sites were localized to the tRNA side of the identity region and to phage or vector DNA with 3- to 6-bp-long repeats from the border region. A similar type of deletion was previously observed in a spontaneous phage

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:453335 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199799752538

TITLE: Integration specificities of two lambdoid phages (21 and

e14) that insert at the same ***attB*** site

AUTHOR(S): Wang, Hui; Yang, Chung-Hui; Lee, Grace; Chang, Felicia:

Wilson, Hilary; Del Campillo-Campbell, Alice; Campbell,

CORPORATE SOURCE: (1) Dep. Biol. Sci., Stanford Univ., Stanford, CA

factor for activity.

SOURCE: Journal of Bacteriology, (1997) Vol. 179, No. 18, pp. 5705-5711.

ISSN: 0021-9193.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article

LANGUAGE: English AB It was shown previously that phage 21 and the defective element e14 integrate at the same site within the icd gene of Escherichia coli K-12 but that 21 ***integrase*** and excisionase excise e14 in vivo very infrequently compared to excision of 21. We show here that the reverse is also true: e14 excises itself much better than it excises an adjacent 21 prophage. In vitro ***integrase*** assays with various ***attP*** substrates delimit the minimal ***attP*** site as somewhere between 366 and 418 bp, where the outer limits would include the outermost repeated dodecamers suggested as arm recognition sites by S. J. Schneider (Ph.D. dissertation, Stanford University, Stanford, Calif., 1992). We speculate that the reason 21 ***attP*** is larger than lambda ***attP*** (240 hp) is because it must include a 209-bp sequence homologous to the 3' end of the icd transcript in order to allow icd expression in lysogens. Alteration of portions of 21 ***attP*** to their e14 counterparts shows that 21 requires both the arm site and core site sequences of 21 but that replacements by e14 sequences function in some positions. Consistent with Schneider's in vivo results, and like all other known integrases from lambdoid phages, 21 requires integration host